## <<新托福阅读真经2>>

#### 图书基本信息

书名: <<新托福阅读真经2>>

13位ISBN编号: 9787040327519

10位ISBN编号:7040327511

出版时间:2011-7

出版时间:高等教育

作者:韩国能率出版社编

页数:372

版权说明:本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com

### <<新托福阅读真经2>>

#### 内容概要

《新托福阅读真经2》依据阅读常考题型,主要分为3大部分9个单元,其中每个单元的内容又大致包含:

题型介绍及答题策略讲解;

基于新托福阅读考试的丰富练习,由易到难,让你有效将所学转化为自己的能力; 词汇预习让你首先对重难点词汇了然于心,词汇复习检验巩固所学,扩大词汇储备,夯实阅读基础。

# <<新托福阅读真经2>>

#### 书籍目录

Introduction

Part A Identifying Details

Unit 01 Vocabulary

Unit 02 Reference

Unit 03 Fact & Degative Fact

Unit 04 Sentence Simplification

**Review Test** 

Part B Making Inference

Unit 05 Inference

Unit 06 Rhetorical Purpose

**Review Test** 

Part C Recognizing Organization

Unit 07 Insertion

Unit 08 Prose Summary

Unit 09 Schematic Table

Practice TOEFL iBT Reading Section

Practice TOEFL iBT

Practice TOEFL iBT

Answer Keys

# <<新托福阅读真经2>>

### 章节摘录

Unit 01Vocabulary Vocabulary Preview A. Choose the word that best matches each definition. A. lumber B.
consistently C. random D. property E. hinder F. offspring1. lacking any definite system or
pattern:2. wood used as building material:3. the young of animals or people:
4. objects that someone owns:5. to keep someone from doing something; keep
something from happening:Introduction * Vocabulary questions require you to find the meaning
the given word or phrase has within the context of the passage. * Tested words or phrases are highlighted within
the passage. * 3 to 5 questions are given for each passage. Sample Question With a wingspan of 0.5m and weighing
325g, archaeopteryx is generally thought to be the oldest known bird. It had powerful wings, a condensed body,
and a well-formed neck, similar to modern-day birds. However, it possessed similarities to meat-eating dinosaurs,
including the composition of its bones and teeth and its lack of a beak. Therefore, a lot of scientists suggest that
archaeopteryx had attributes of both feathered dinosaurs and ancestral birds and lived 140 million years ago, during
the latter stages of the Jurassic period. The word attributes in the passage is closest in meaning to A merits B
positionsC structuresD characteristicsAnswer and ExplanationD "Attributes" means
" properties, qualities, " and therefore is closes aning to D characteristics. Question Typeso The word
in the passage is closest in meaning too The phrase in the passage is closest in meaning too
Which of the following best explains the term?Strategy1. A word can have a variety of meanings. Make
sure to focus on how the word is used within the context even if you think you know the word.2. If you don't know
the given vocabulary word, work out the meaning by using contextual clues. They may include the following forms:
Examples: such as, for example, colon (:) Most reptiles, such as crocodiles, lizards, snakes, and turtles, are well
adapted to survive dry conditions. Similar expressions or synonymsIn 62 AD, Pompeii was at the epicenter of an
intense earthquake. The prolonged severe earthquake caused structural damage to the buildings and infrastructure
of the city. Additional explanation: relative clauses, adverbial clauses, participlesSalt has hygroscopicity, which is
a property that allows it to draw water from the surrounding atmosphere. Equivalence: dash (-), comma (,)The
company filed for bankruptcy - the condition in which a business cannot meet its debt obligations - in March.
Sentence structure that shows comparison, contrast, cause and effect, etc. These objects can seem harmless, but they
may easily become dangerous when exposed to certain events such as temperature fluctuations. 3. Understanding
the general flow of the passage or having some background knowledge about the topic can be helpful in finding the answer.4. Substitute each answer choice into the passage and check whether the answer choice has the same
contextual meaning as the original word in the passage. Basic Drills Upon first arriving in the upper Midwest of the
United States, European pioneers found the environment to be similar to their native lands in Northern Europe.
With cold winters and a flat, marshy landscape containing few trees, the settlers decided that dugouts were ideal for
housing. They didn't need much building material - they were easily built by hollowing out a huge hole in the slope
of a hillside; logs or blocks of turf were used for roofing. Windows were covered with oiled paper, and doors and
windows only featured on one wall. This type of housing was perfect for establishing a homestead and keeping the
family warm and safe until crop yields provided enough money for lumber for a frame farmhouse.1. The phrase
hollowing out in the passage is closest in meaning to A opening B digging C measuring D building 2. The
word featured in the passage is closest in meaning to A functioned B designed C appeared D reflected 3. The
word yields in the passage is closest in meaning to A output B research C demand D supplyReading Practice
ITomb paintings and other works of Egyptian art indicate that it remained virtually unchanged for about 3,000
years. Except for a brief period in the mid 1300s BC, Egyptian art consistently adhered to a strict set of rules,
evidence of which can be found in almost any artifact from this period. These rules included painting human figures
with a front view of the eye and shoulders and a side view of the head, arms, and legs. Both legs were painted
pointing in the same direction as the head, with one foot in front of the other. In addition, artists used flat colors
and didn't use shading for human figures. For men's skin, they used dark red or brown paint. For women's skin,
they used yellow, white, or a pale brown color. Statues, as they must last forever, were made of rock such as granite

## <<新托福阅读真经2>>

or slate. The statues always depicted the front side of the individual. The arms were placed straight by the side of the torso, legs together, whether standing or seated. Indeed, it seems that even the size of the statue was governed by rules; the taller the statue, the more important the person it represented. These formalized and stylized rules have made Egyptian art one of the most widely recognized art forms in the world today. Whether it was paintings or statues, the design of Egyptian art remained consistent throughout this period in history. The only acknowledged variations in form are the portrayals of animals and common people. Depictions of these often reflected a more natural manner, though still within very strict and formulaic rules. Glossarytorso: the human body without the head, arms, or legs1. The word virtually in the passage is closest in meaning to A nearly B occasionally C extensivelyD surprisingly2. The phrase adhered to in the passage is closest in meaning toA stuck toB related toC returned toD belonged to3. The word portrayals in the passage is closest in meaning toA shapesB charactersC statuesD representationsExtra QuestionWhich of the following is NOT true of the rules of Egyptian art? A Men had to be painted with darker skin than women. B Some statues were made to be taller to signal the importance of the subject.C The eyes and legs of the character were painted facing the same direction.D Animals and common people were depicted in a more natural form. Organization \* \_\_\_\_\_ based on strict rules -for nearly 3,000 years \* Details of the strict rules----- painting \_\_\_\_\_: pose, colormaking \_: material, pose, size \* The result of using strict rules -- Egyptian art became a widely\_\_\_\_\_\_ form.……

## <<新托福阅读真经2>>

### 版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com